

# ANADIPLOSI\*:

## *ANALYSIS of Dispersal Indicators in Planet-forming circumStellar dISks\*\**

Elisabetta Rigliaco (INAF – OAPD)

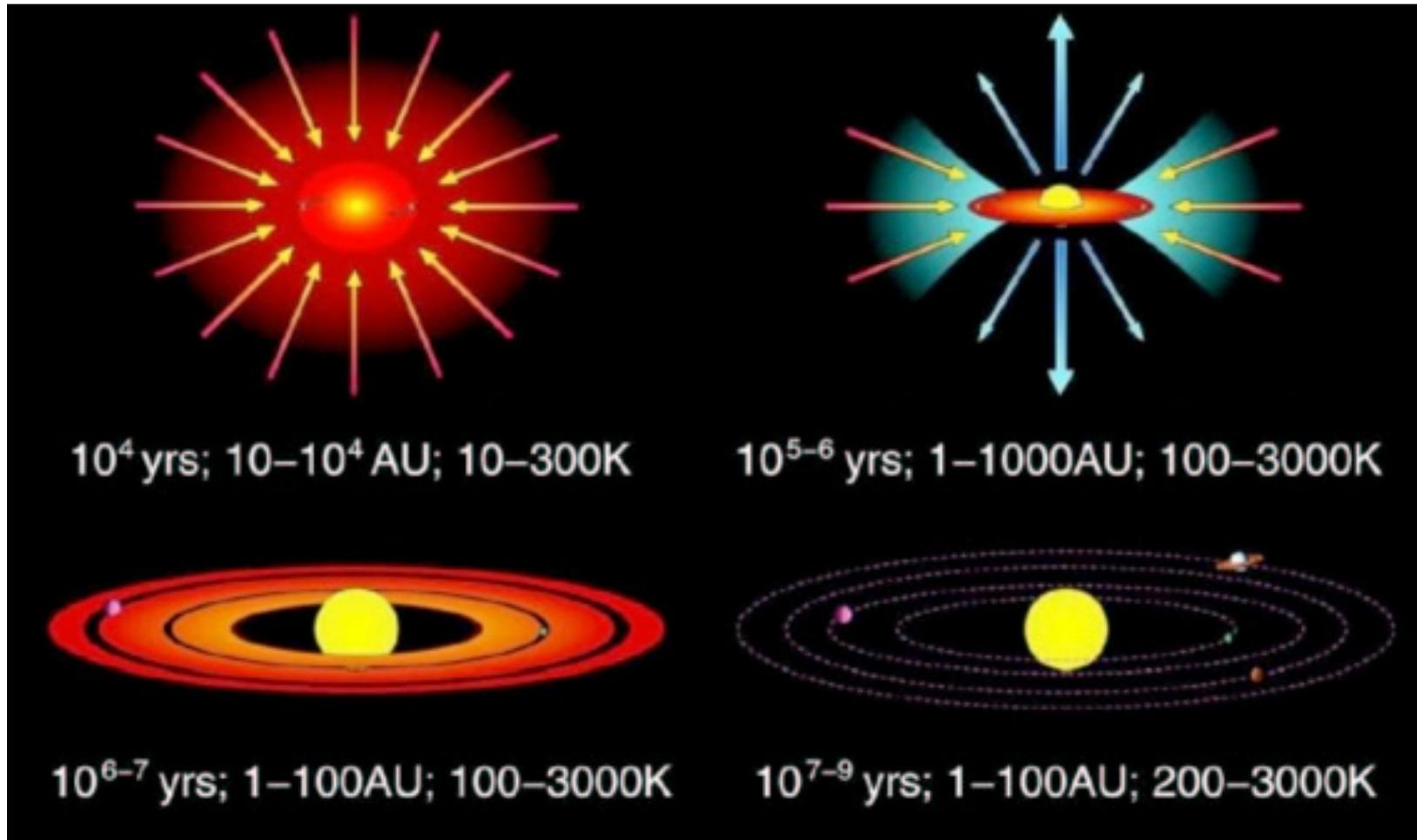
This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under the Marie Skłodowska-Curie grant agreement No 664931

\*“Once you change your philosophy, you change your thought pattern. Once you change your thought pattern, you change your attitude. Once you change your attitude, it changes your behavior pattern and then you go on into some action.” —Malcolm X

\*\*“Disks form planets, the same planets that hide the life we are all looking for.” —E. Rigliaco



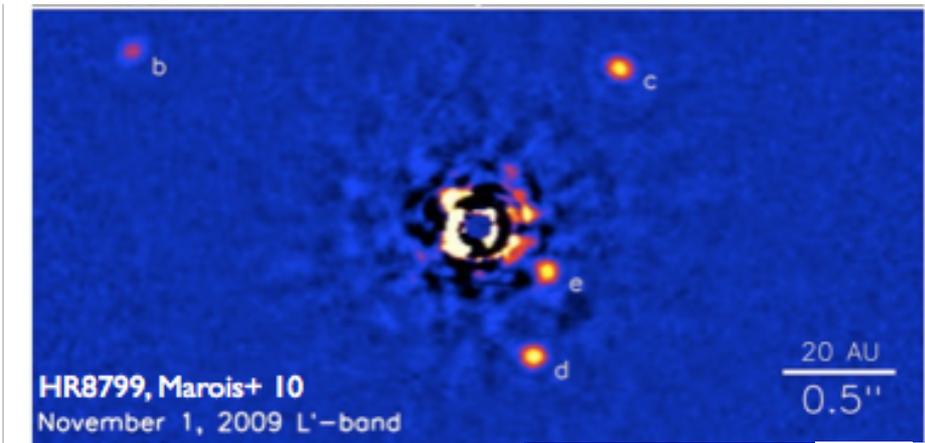
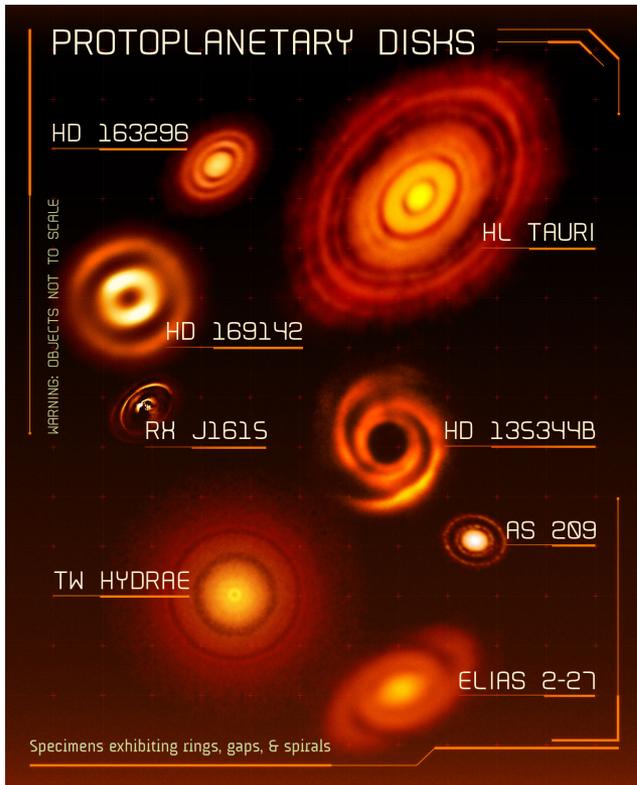
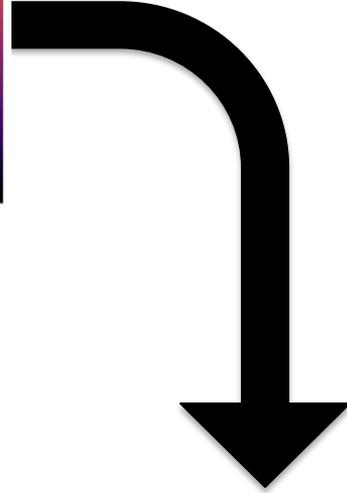
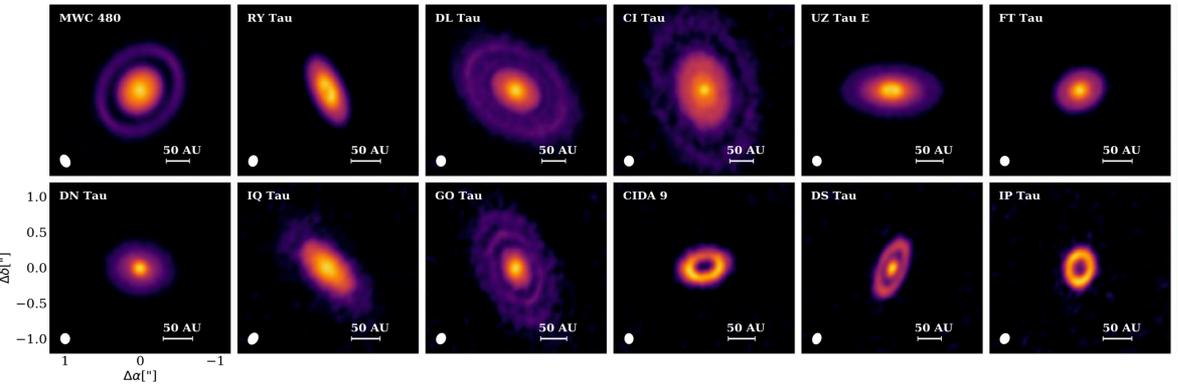
# GENERAL CONTEXT: STAR FORMATION AND CIRCUMSTELLAR DISKS



*Circumstellar disks are the natal environment of planets*

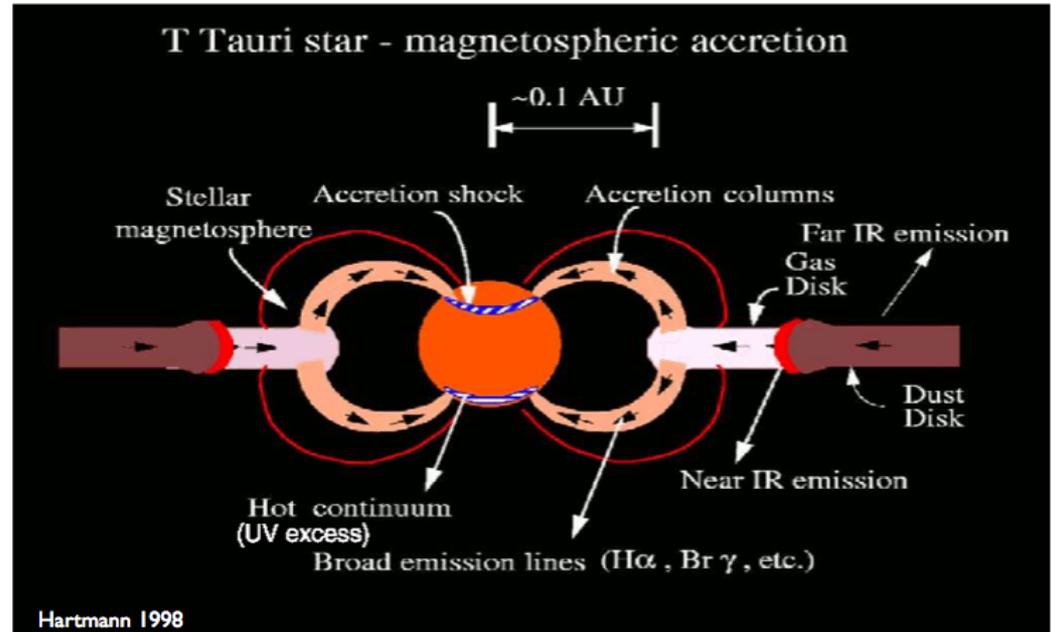
# HOW DOES A DISK DISPERSE?

Long, ..., Rigliaco et al. 2018



# DISK DISPERSAL MECHANISMS

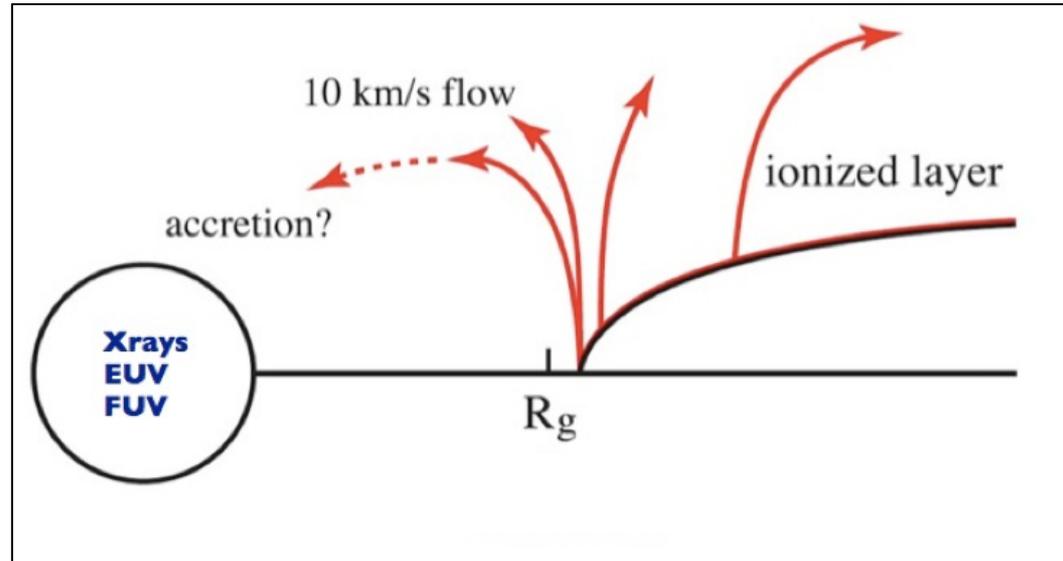
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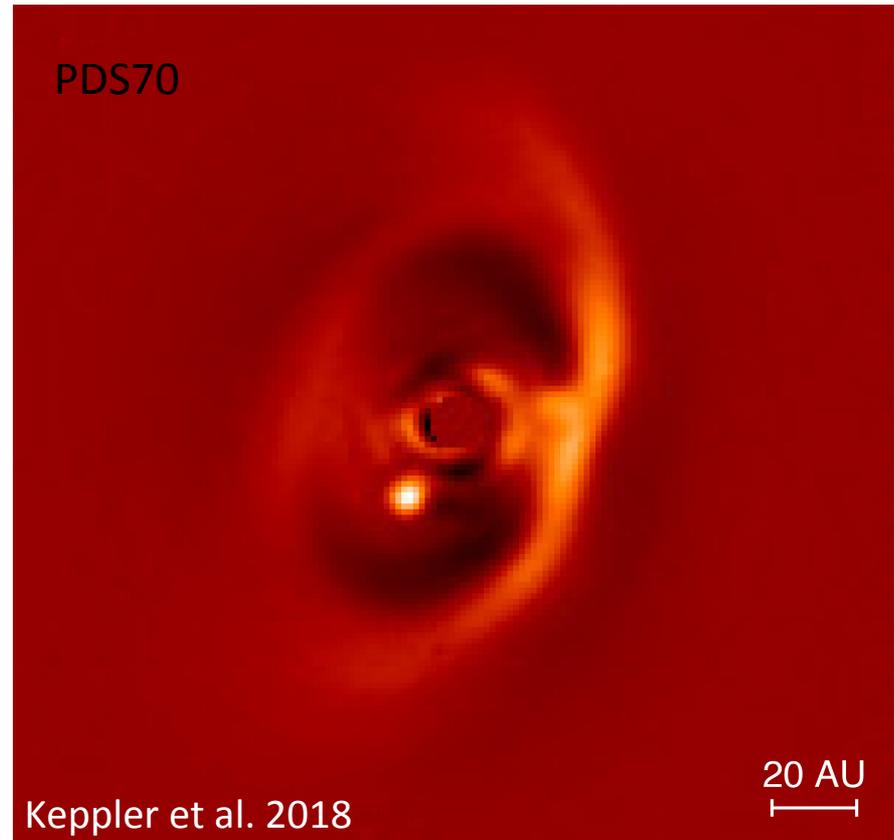
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**Planet formation:** only a small fraction of the disk mass ends up in planets (e.g., Wright et al. 2011, Mayor et al. 2013)



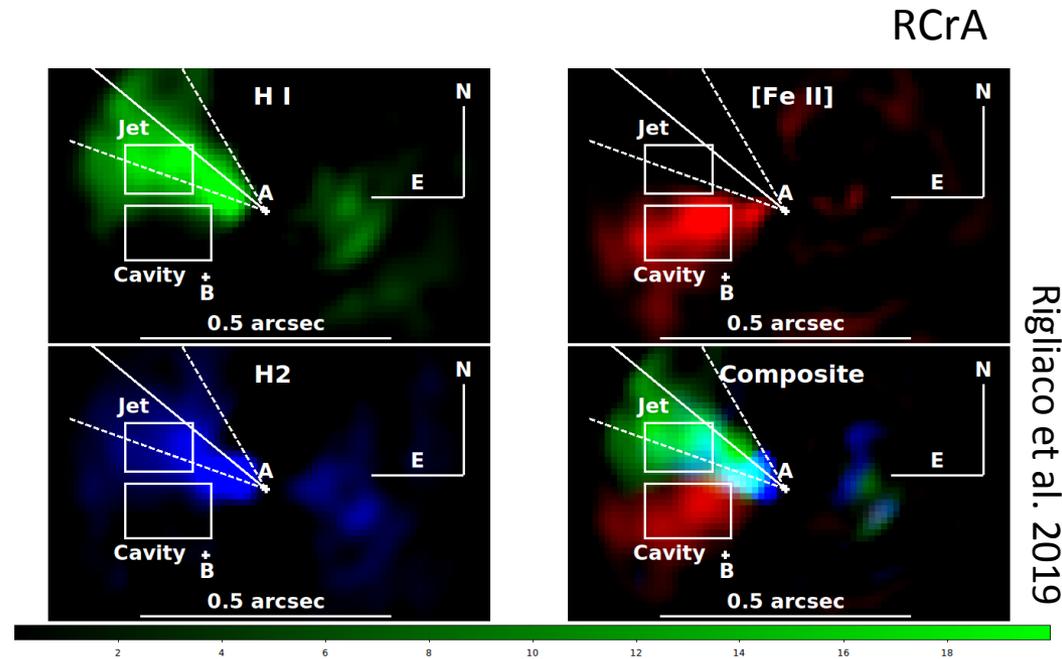
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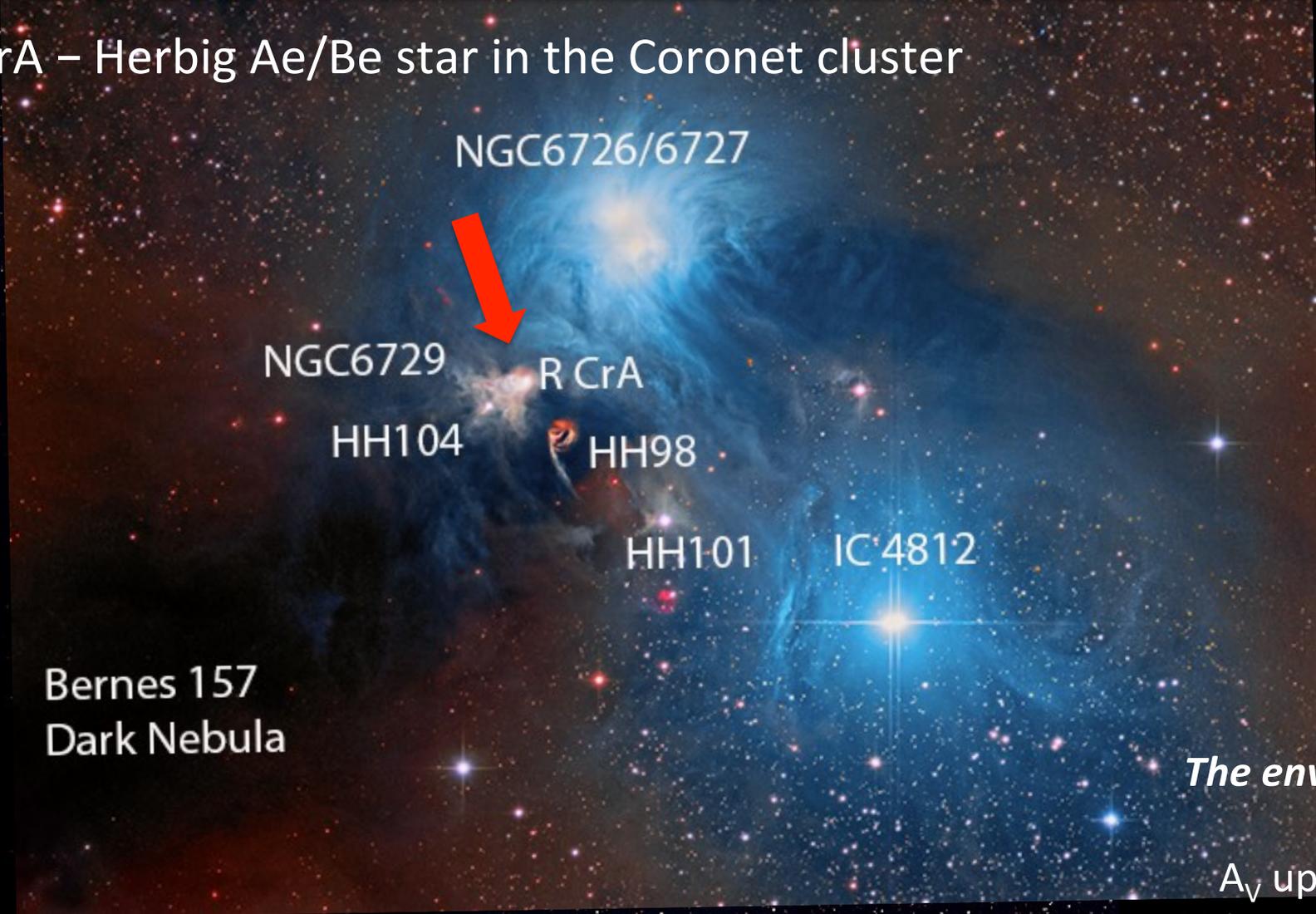
**Jets and stellar winds:** mainly efficient in the early stages of star formation (e.g., Rigliaco et al. 2019; Giannini,...,Rigliaco et al. 2019)



Rigliaco et al. 2019

# RCrA AND ITS ENVIRONMENT

RCrA – Herbig Ae/Be star in the Coronet cluster



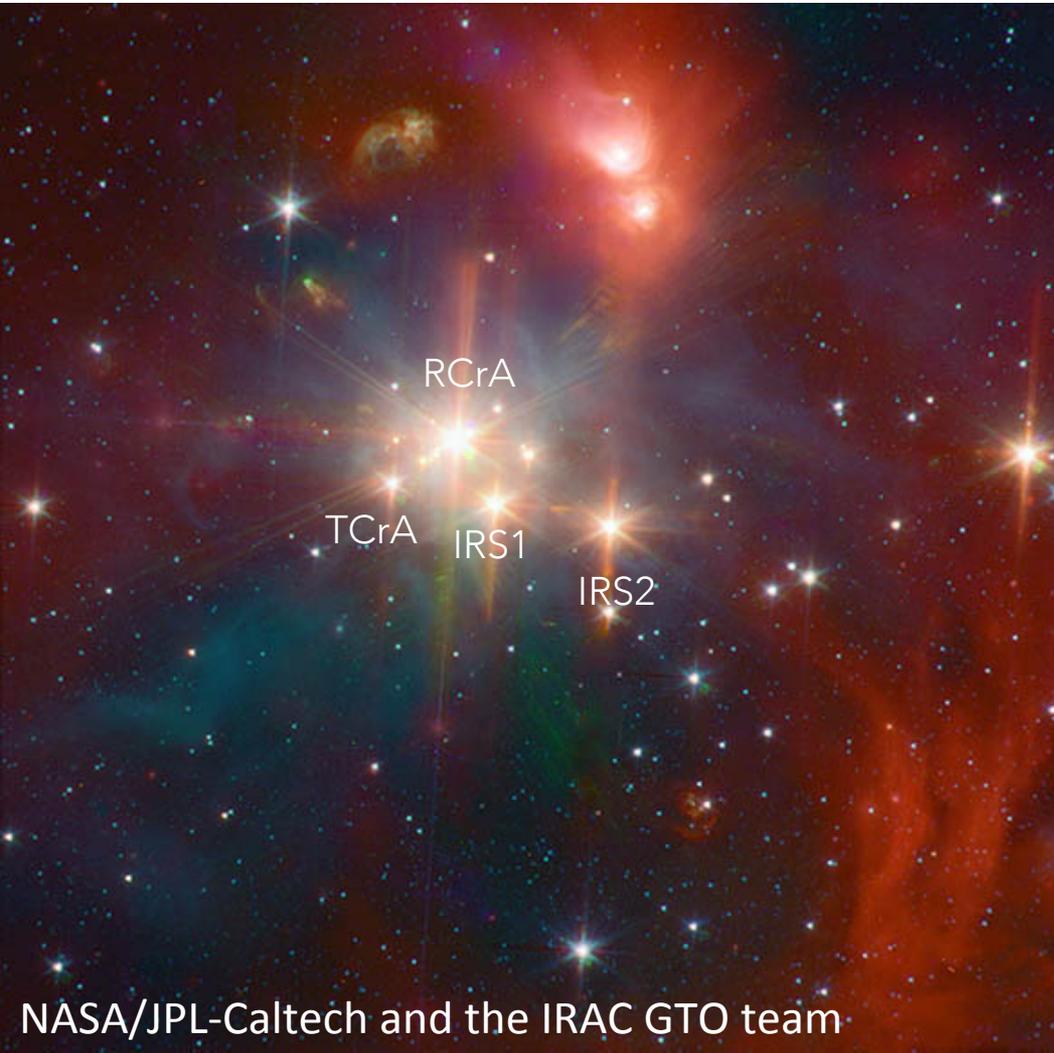
*The environment:*

$A_V$  up to 45 mag  
~60 known optically  
detected members

R Coronae Australis Complex (MPI/ESO 2.2-m + WFI)

# RCrA AND ITS ENVIRONMENT

RCrA – Herbig Ae/Be star in the Coronet cluster



## *The star:*

SpTy: B5-F5

Distance  $\sim 154 \pm 4$  pc

Age  $\sim 1$  Myr

## *Why is it interesting?*

Variable

Embedded in natal environment

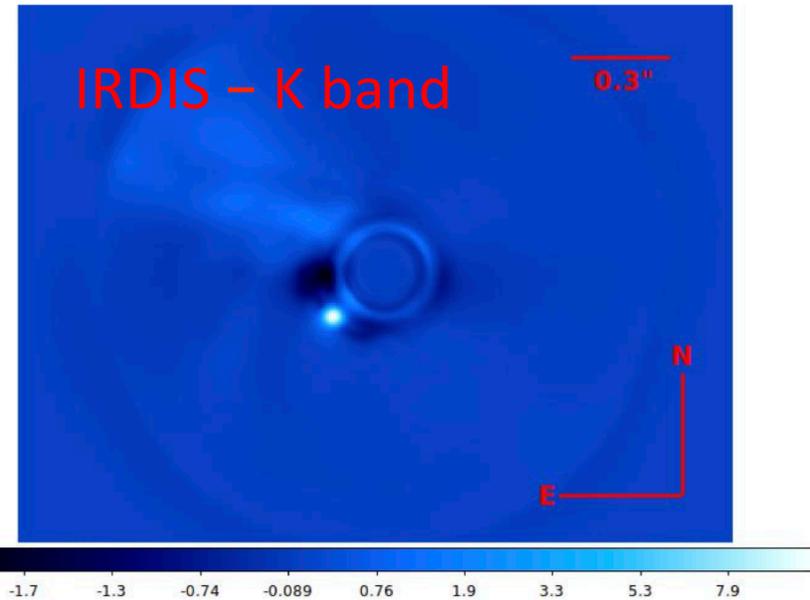
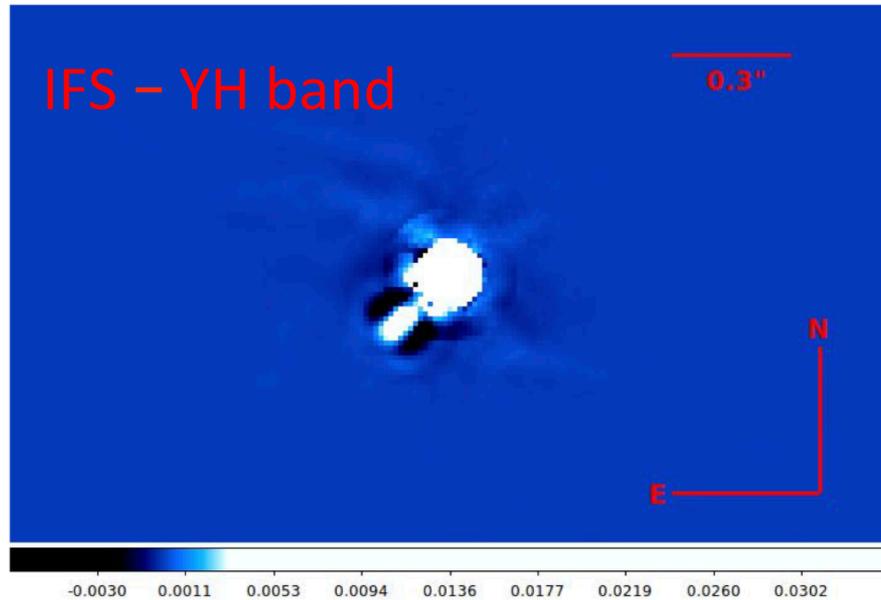
Has a companion

Shows signatures of outflow

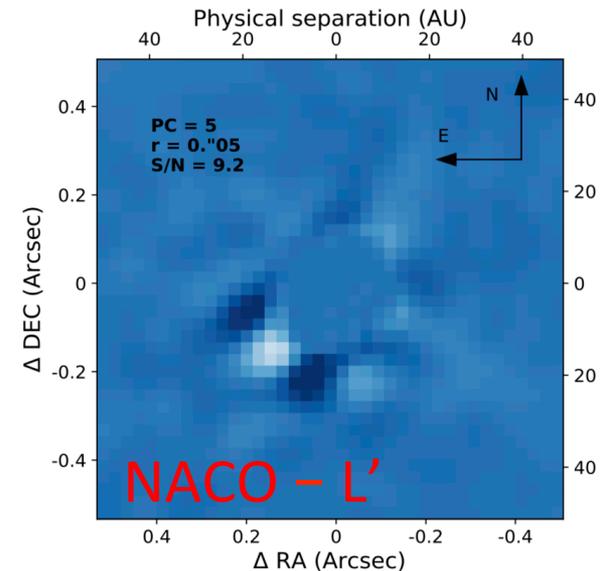
# RCRA AS OBSERVED WITH SPHERE

extreme AO system and coronagraphic facility at VLT

Mesa, ..., Rigliaco et al. 2019



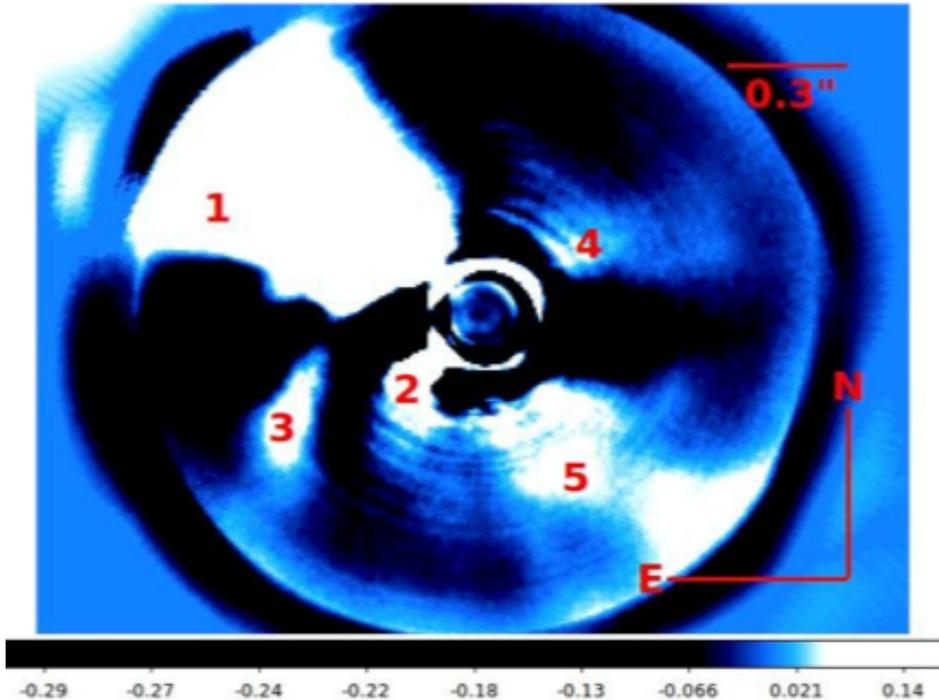
M-type companion at  $0.156''$  ( $\sim 25\text{au}$ )  
 $0.30 < \text{mass} < 0.55 M_{\text{sun}}$   
orbital eccentricity  $e=0.4$   
semi-major axis =  $27\text{au}$   
orbit inclination  $\sim 70$  deg



Cugno et al. 2019

# RCrA: SPHERE DATA

Mesa et al. 2019



## Identified Features:

- 1: extended structure
- 2: M-type  $\sim 0.5 M_{\text{sun}}$  companion at  $\sim 20\text{AU}$  (confirmed by Cugno et al. 2019)
- 3,4: External disk (?)
- 5: Counter-extended structure (fainter)

# RCrA: THE NATURE OF THE VARIABILITY

*Light curve due to a close binary surrounded by a circumbinary dusty disk*

$$M_A = 3.02 \pm 0.43 M_{\text{sun}}$$

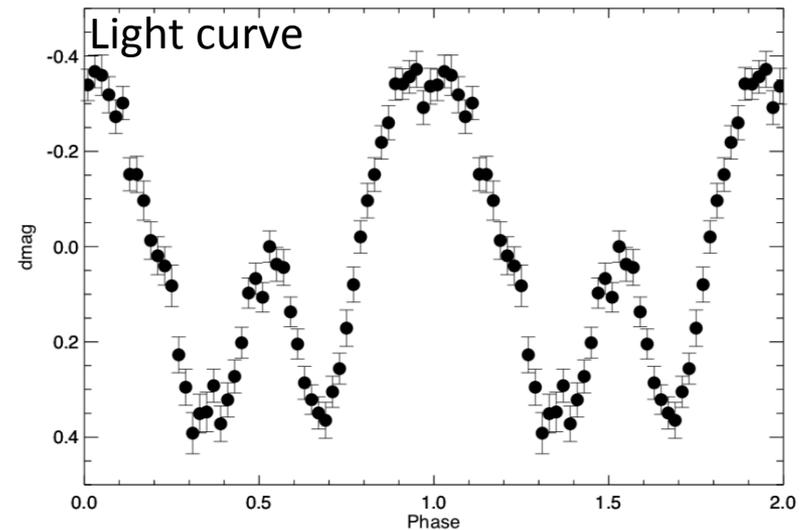
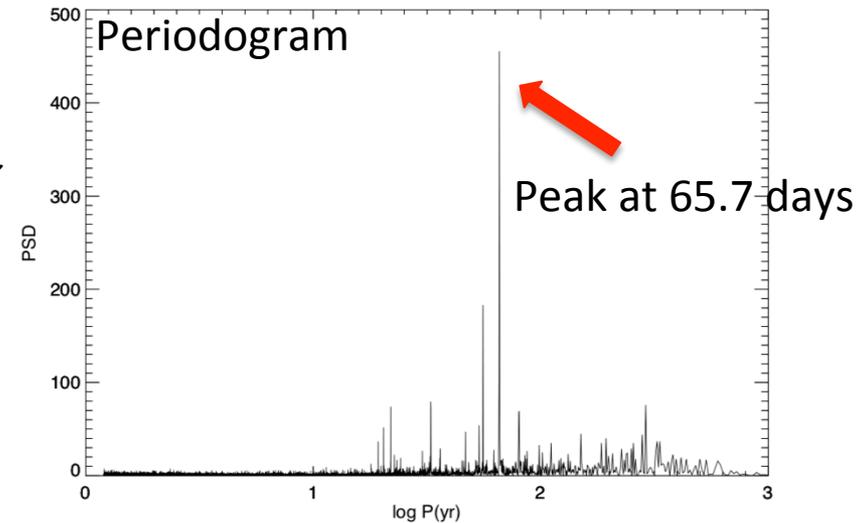
$$M_B = 2.32 \pm 0.35 M_{\text{sun}}$$

$$M_{\text{TOT}} = 5.34 \pm 0.8 M_{\text{sun}}$$

semi-major axis = 0.56 au

$A_V = 5.47$  mag (from spectroscopic data)

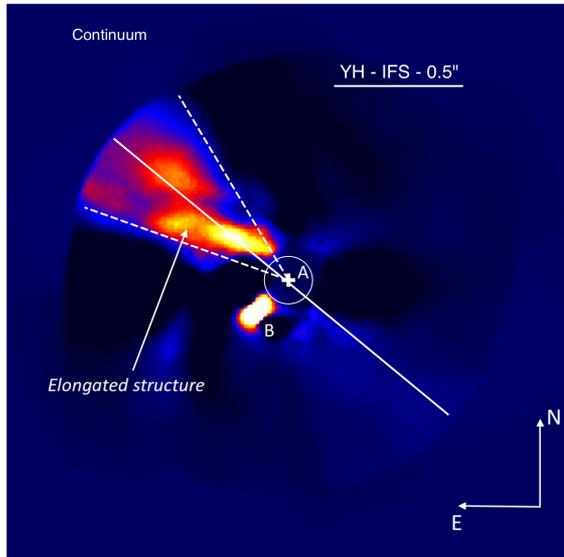
**RCrA is thus a triple system**



Sissa, ..., Rigliaco et al. 2019

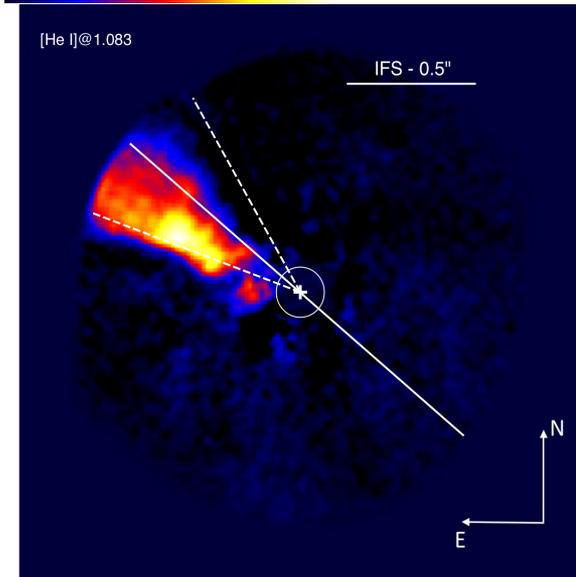
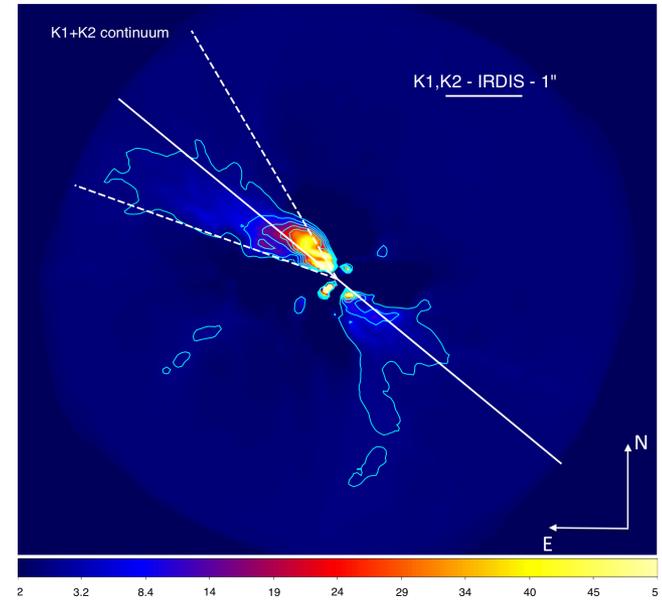
# COMBINING HR AND DIFFRACTION LIMITED IFS

SPHERE data: continuum versus line emission



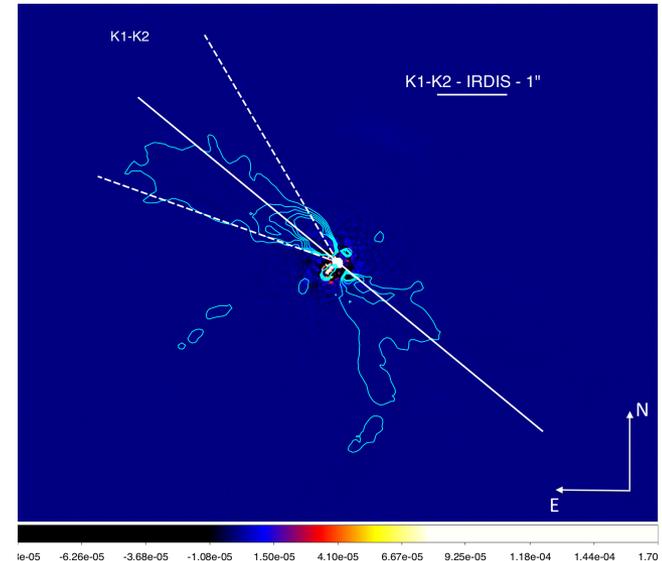
PA = 50 deg  
aperture: 30-70 deg  
extends up to 2.6" in IRDIS

discontinuous continuum  
emission



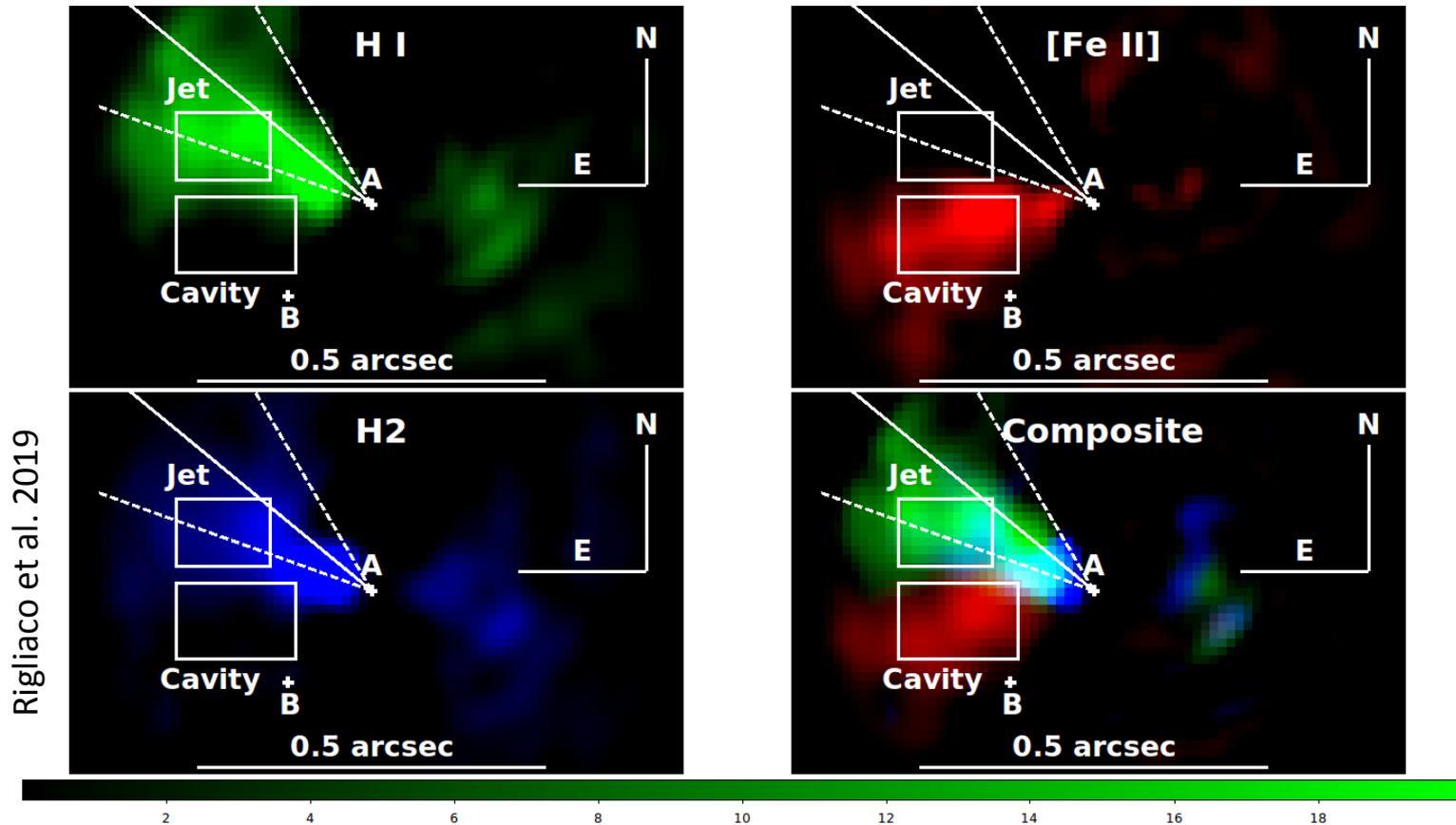
HeI@1.083 $\mu$ m appears  
misaligned wrt cont.  
emission (PA~65 deg)

No H<sub>2</sub> lines detected  
in K1-K2



# COMBINING HR AND DIFFRACTION LIMITED IFS

SINFONI data  $\lambda 1.45\text{-}1.85\mu\text{m}$ ,  $R=3000$  -- line emission



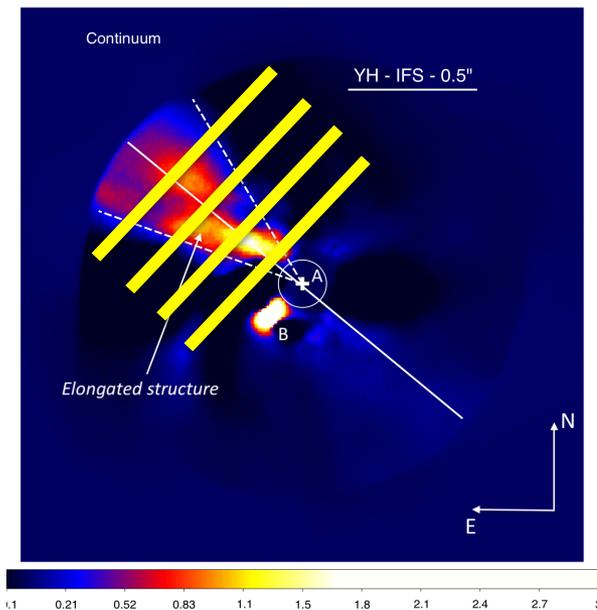
**Gas lines do not share the same PA as the continuum emission**

Hydrogen lines appear emitted along the “jet” direction

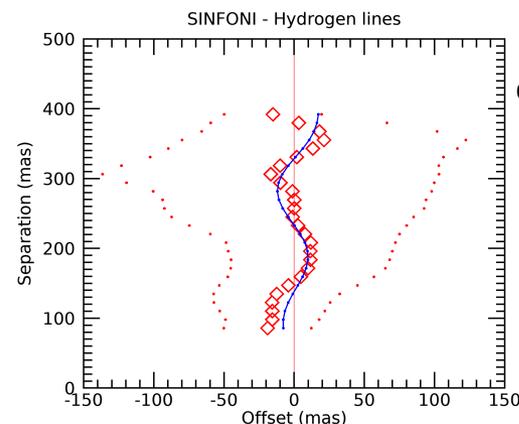
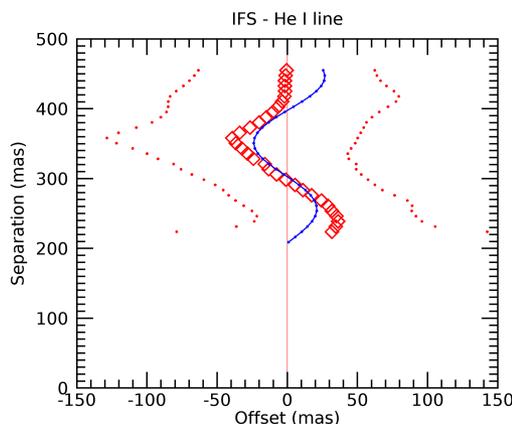
[FeII] lines appear emitted along the “cavity” direction

H2 lines appear emitted in a region close-by the central stars

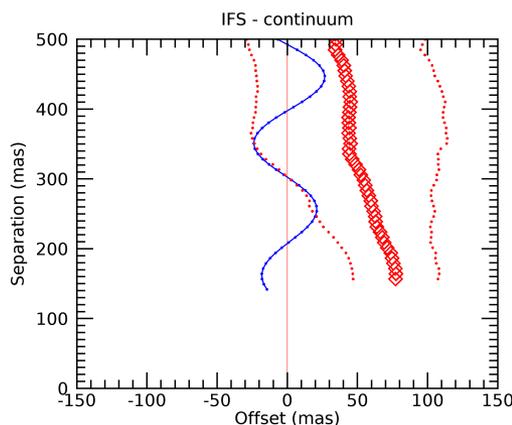
# WIGGLING OF THE JET



We consider set of continuous slices orthogonal to the axis and in each slice we fit the pixel distribution with a Gaussian function  $\rightarrow$  we obtain profile peak position as a function of the distance from the star



Rigliaco et al. 2019

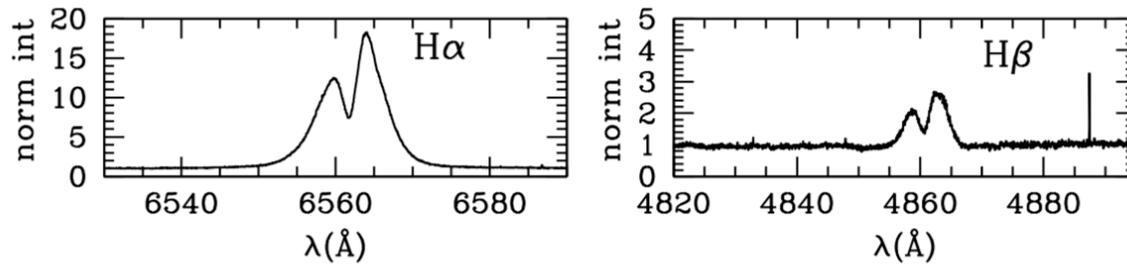


*HeI and H lines have a wiggling pattern consistent with the rotation period of the central binary, as it is produced by the orbital motion of the jet around the binary system.*

Continuum emission does not show a wiggling pattern.

Blue line: fit of the rotation period of the binary central star (66 days)

# COMBINING HR AND DIFFRACTION LIMITED IFS



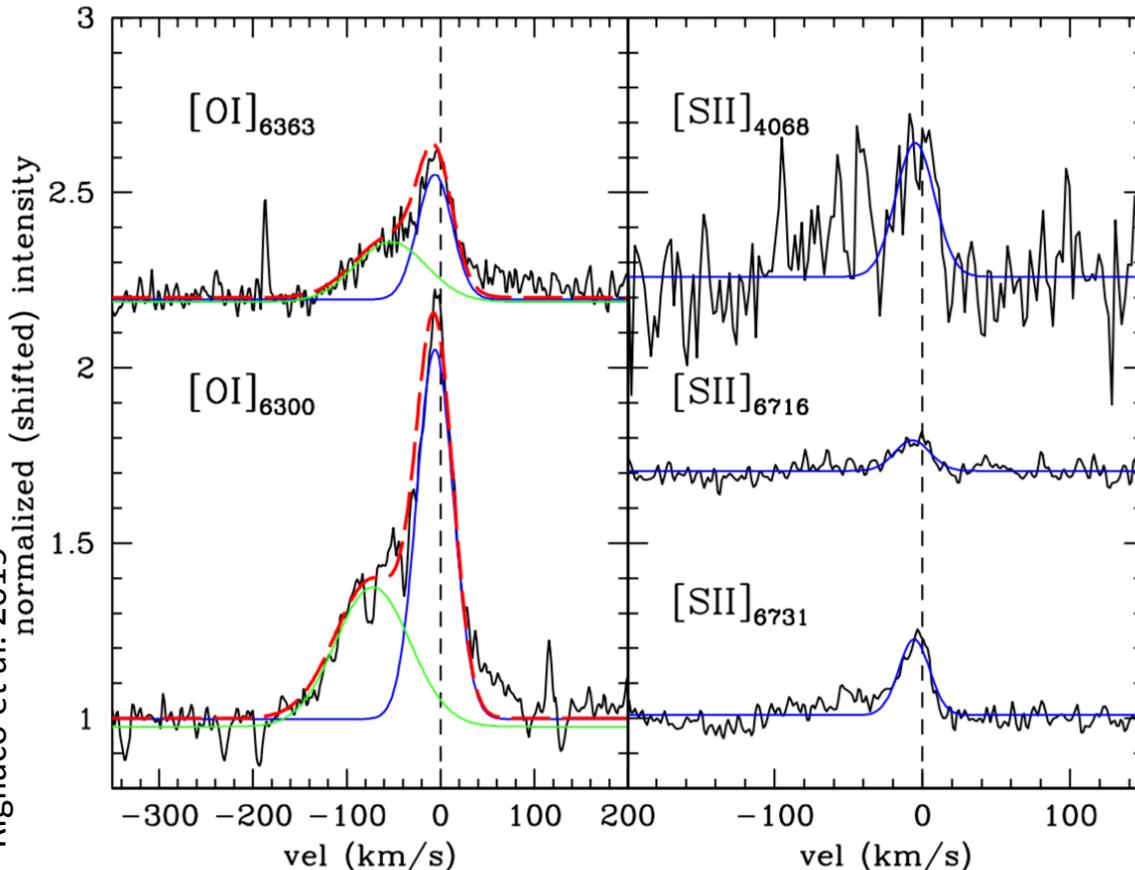
**Physical properties of the gas from permitted and forbidden optical lines:**

From [SII]6716/6731 line ratio:  
 $n_e \sim 7.0 \times 10^3 \text{ cm}^{-3}$   
 $T_e \sim 10,000 \text{ K}$

From H $\alpha$  and H $\beta$  lines:  
 $M_{\text{acc}} \sim 3.3 \times 10^{-6} M_{\text{sun}}/\text{yr}$

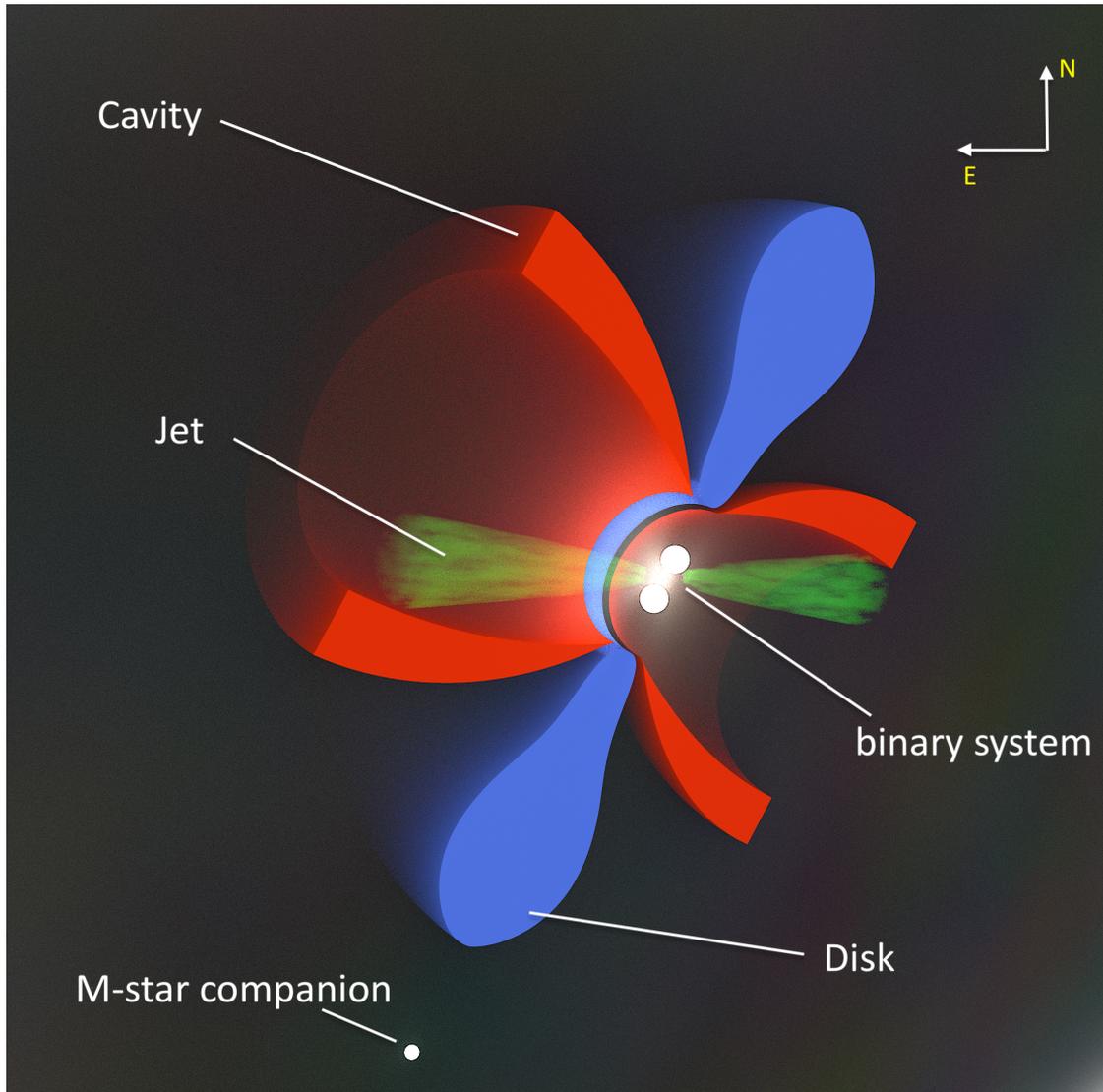
From [OI]6300-HVC line:  
 $M_{\text{loss}} \sim 2.8 \times 10^{-7} M_{\text{sun}}/\text{yr}$

$M_{\text{acc}}/M_{\text{loss}} \sim 0.08$   
 typical of TTSs with prominent jets



Rigliaco et al. 2019

# RCrA PROPOSED MODEL

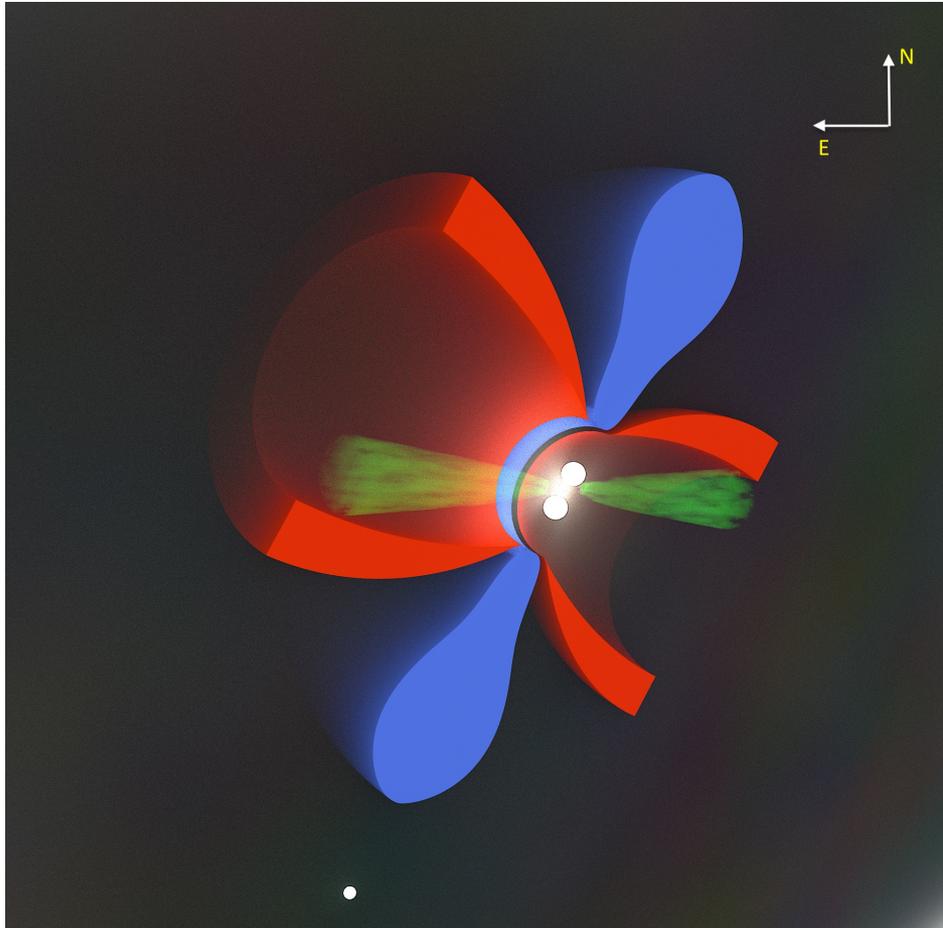


*Complementary detailed analysis of IRDIS, IFS, SINFONI and FEROS data provide a picture of the environment around RCrA.*

*The extended structure is composed by 2 elements:*

- 1- a **CAVITY** carved out into the circumstellar environment
- 2- a **GASEOUS JET** flowing inside the cavity

# RCRA PROPOSED MODEL: CAVITY AND JET



The scattered light observed in IFS and IRDIS images shows the **CAVITY WALLS**.

The dust on the cavity walls is illuminated by the central binary and scatters light toward us.

The emission lines ([OI] in their HVC, HeI, Hydrogen) trace the gaseous component of the elongated structure, which is associated with a **JET**.

The [FeII] and LVC of [OI], [SII] are more likely associate with a slower moving **DISK WIND**.

H<sub>2</sub> lines might instead form in the shock area close to the star.

# RCRA PROPOSED MODEL: CAVITY AND JET

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RCrA represents an ideal target to study jets around intermediate mass Herbig stars:

- close-by object
- binary system (actually triple system)
- it hosts jet, disk and companion

It helps our understanding of the accretion mechanisms around these still poorly investigated objects.

It is the first case where the binarity of the system can be directly associated with the wiggling of the jet.

# ANADIPLOSI: *ANALysis of Dispersal Indicators in Planet-fOrming circumStellar dISks*

Elisabetta Rigliaco (INAF - OAPD)

## Besides the ANADIPLOSI Science Project:

### Side Activities:

- Outreach:
  - Media INAF interview
  - Invited speaker public event “Ad Alta Voce”
  - Invited speaker at “Pint of Science” public event
- Supervision of a PhD student
- Referee for Astronomical Journals
- Having a baby girl
- SOC member

### The future:

- Applying for tenure track/permanent position
- Investigating new research path using new generation instruments
- Being a key person in the Italian community when talking about disk dispersal mechanisms



# ANADIPOSIS: *AN*alysis of *Dispersal* Indicators in *Planet-fOrming circumStellar dISks*

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## How did the AstroFlt2 Fellowship impact on me?

Work  
perspective:

- Conducting independent research
- Managing my money for traveling
- Initiate collaboration independently
- Time management

Personal  
perspective:

- Self consciousness:
  - awareness of my unique skills
  - communication skills
  - broader-view of how my research activity impacts on other fields
- Networking:
  - Presenting yourself as an independent researcher
- Managerial skills:
  - Managing your time/collaboration/money



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